

[SIX PAGES P.T. 1

Anglo-American Nile Steamer & Hotel Coy.

FORWARD: FOR JOURNAL OF HAWAIIING BY AIRMAIL, U.S. AIR MAIL, 10/10/40, 10/10/40, 10/10/40, 10/10/40.													
Newton	8048	Tues	...	...	...	about 17 Nov.	Sachsen	8038	Tues	...	...	...	about 15 Dec.
Karlshorn	8087	...	...	...	...	17	Myrharosna	10015	...	...	...	...	15
Princess Alice	10011	...	...	...	...	1 Dec.	Prinz M. Luitpold	8394	...	...	...	...	19

OUTWARD: FOR CHINA AND JAPAN BY SURE, ADMN, COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR.

FOR AUSTRALIA BY SURE, ADMN, COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR.

Unseisnat	8081	50	---	---	---	---	37	52	Friedrich D. Grosse 10096	---	---	---	---	14 Jan.
Neon	8022	50	---	---	---	---	11	Dec.						

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE AGENTS OF THE

Alexandria-Brindisi-Venice-Trieste.
Weekly Express Mail Service. Steamers leave Alexandria every Saturday at 4 p. m., arrive at Brindisi, Tuesday a. m. in time for express to Paris, London, Naples, Rome. Arrival Trieste Wednesday noon connecting with Vienna Express (Trieste-Ostende through carriage) and onwards by Rhod and S. M. S. Co.

Nov. 4	4 p.m. S.S. Sontrams	Capt. Martinelli	Nov. 25	4 p.m. S.S. Sontrams	Capt. Martinelli
" 11	" "	Cleopatra	" "	" "	Cleopatra
" 18	" "	Stahburg	" "	" "	Stahburg
		Klansberger			Klansberger

East-African Line.
To Aden, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay, Durban, about December 4.
Syrian-Caramanian Line.
Steamer leaves Alexandria on or about 18 November.

Syrian-Cyprus-Caramanian Line.
Steamer leaves Alexandria on or about November 17.

CUNARD LINE.

Alexandria to New-York and Boston via the Continent and Liverpool.

Ballings from LIVERPOOL on Saturdays and Tuesdays. Royal Mail Steamers:

CANOTIA	31,000 tons	THURSDAY	3,119 tons	SALESMAN	14,350 tons
LODOWIC	12,543	FRIDAY	3,119	IVANDA	14,350

Genoa 11.00 - Adriatic 7.00 - Staravia 6.00
 Alexandria to New-York via Trieste, Fiume or Palermo.
 Regular twin-screw Passenger Service from the Adriatic. Excellent accommodation.

between Alexandria, Piræus, Smyrna, Constantinople, and Odessa by the following recently built and perfectly equipped vessels:—

Emperor Nicolas II.	7970 tons	Polishoff	7970 tons
Saïne Olga	7970	Thames	7970

Arrivals at Alexandria on Saturday afternoons

Departures from Alexandria on Fridays at 10 a.m. Circular route between Alexandria, Port Said, the Syrian ports, Chio, Smyrna, Salonica, Mount Athos, Dardanelles, Constantinople, and

Sociétés Reunies Florio-Rubattino. - Services Postaux. - Départs de Septembre.

Les JEUDIS 2, 9, 16, 23, et 30 à 3 h. p.m. direct pour Messine, Naples, Livourne et Gênes.
 Les MERCREDIS 1 et 15 à 3 h. p.m. direct pour Brindisi, Bari, Ancone et Venise.
 Les MERCREDIS 1 et 15 à 10 h. a.m. pour les escales de la Syrie et Larnaque.

Le LUNDI 13 à 4 h. p.m. pour Port-Saïd, Sues et Massawah.
Le MARDI 7 et MERCREDI 22 à 5 h. p.m. pour Port-Saïd. 31-12-906

Depart—Cairo	11 a.m.	4.15 p.m.	Depart—Port-Faid	12.30 p.m. & 4.45 p.m.
Arriv.—Ismailia	1.40 p.m.	5.10 p.m.	Arriv.—Ismailia	1.50 p.m. & 5.15 p.m.
Depart—Ismailia	2.0 p.m.	5.35 p.m.	Depart—Ismailia	2.1 p.m. & 5.15 p.m.
Arriv.—Port-Faid	3.10 p.m.	6.20 p.m.	Arriv.—Cairo	3.40 p.m. & 11.15 p.m.

Restaurant and Sleeping Cars on Luxor trains:

▲ Restaurant car and a sleeping car are attached to the 5 p.m. train from Cairo every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday and to the 8.30 p.m. train from Luxor every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday.

▲ Restaurant and Sleeping Cars on Port-Faid trains:

▲ Restaurant and Sleeping Cars are attached to the 11 a.m. train from Port-Faid to Cairo every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday and to the 4.15 p.m. train from Port-Faid to Cairo every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday.

Our Company is the only one that does not charge any hidden or extra costs at the time of the International Sleeping Car Company in Cairo station. 1st class Cairo-Luxor P.T. 306. Sleeping Car supplement P.T. 79. 15-1-991

SUDAN DEVELOPMENT & EXPLORATION COMPANY, LIMITED
 KHARTOUM, SUDAN
 TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT, EL-DOKKI, CAIRO, EGYPT

ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT. *Specialists in the construction of sternwheel steamers, tug boats, etc.*

MURRAY National Guarantee & Suretyship Association (Limited).
 Risks accepted at their office. — Claims liberally and promptly settled.
 Agents for Egypt: **HEWAT & Co., Alexandria.**

Royal Insurance Coy

FIRE AND LIFE.

Largest Fire Office in the World.

HASLEDEN & CO., Agents, Alexandria.
R. VITERBO & CO., Agents, Cairo.

PHOENIX ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

(ESTABLISHED 1793)

HASLEDEN & CO., Agents, Alexandria.
FRED. OTT & CO., Sub-Agents, Cairo.

81-3-906

N. SPATHIS

CAIRO
Established
ALEXANDRIA
Rue Anwar

THE BRITISH
ASBATED & MINERAL
WATER
MANUFACTORY.
Soda Water, Lemonade, Ginger Ale, Ginger Beer, Tonic Water,
Pomegranate, Orangeade, Pineapple, Champagne, Old, etc., etc.
Water guaranteed by GUARANTY & FILLES (Patron's Service).
Inventor of WHISKY & SODA and BRANDY & SODA, bottled ready for use.

Sole Agent in Egypt and Sudan for

J. CALVERT & Co. Boardman Wines & Cognacs.
LOUIS BORDIER Remy Champagne.
AUGUST ENGEL Wiesbaden Rhine and Moselle Wines.
MAURICE & Co. Glasgow Lagavulin, White Horse,
... .. Cellar & other Whiskies.
DUNVILLE & Co., Ltd. Belfast Old Irish Whiskies.
THE OOK & BRENNER Co. Baltimore Monongahela XXXX Whiskey.
... .. New York Old Valley Whiskey
... .. and Gold Lion Cocktails.
STONE & SON London Guinness Stout & Best Pale Ale.
FRANCO BALLOU & Co. Toronto Vermouth.
PIERRE BISSET Ottawa Vermouth & Aperitifs,
... .. Texas.
TERRABONA TRA COMPANY, Ltd.
Depot for Prince Moutarich "Richardsga" the best mineral table water in the world
Great assortment of Wines, Spirit, Liqueurs, of the finest Brands etc.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

LONDON, PARIS, ALEXANDRIA, CAIRO
MALTA, GIBRALTAR, TANTAH,
AND PORT SAID.

Subscribed Capital £1,500,000
Paid up " £ 500,000
Reserve Fund " £ 500,000

The Anglo-Egyptian Bank, Limited, undertakes every description of banking business on the most favourable conditions.
Current accounts opened with commercial houses and private individuals in conformity with the custom of London.
Fixed deposits for one year certain interest at 5 per cent per annum. Deposits at interest for shorter periods are also received at rates to be agreed upon.
Letters of Credit for the use of travellers are issued payable in all parts of the world.
Approved bills discounted.
Bills, documentary invoices, etc., collected.
Debits and telegraphic transfers issued payable all over the world.
Foreign exchange bought and sold.
Advances made upon approved securities and upon action, cotton-weed, sugar and other merchandise.
The purchase and sale of stocks and shares on the London Stock Exchange; and on the local and Continental Exchanges, undertaken.
Customers can deposit their valuables, jewellery, for safe custody in the Bank's fire-proof strong-rooms, and the Bank will attend to the collection of the interest and dividends due on deposits as they fall due.
Mortgages made insured.
Annulment, pensions, dividends, etc., collected.
All forms of particulars and information can be obtained on application.
The officers and clerks of the Bank are pledged to secrecy as to the transactions of customers.

ASK FOR

ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

Walker & Meimarachi, Limited.

THE EGYPTIAN SUPPLY STORES.

CAIRO AND ALEXANDRIA.

Exquisite and Extensive Selection of Solid Silver & Plated Articles
CUTLERY, LEATHER & ATHLETIC GOODS & GAMES.

TEA AND LUNCHEON BASKETS.

CHOICE HAVANA AND INDIAN CIGARS.
VINTAGE WINES.

PROVISIONS, CONFECTIONERY AND TABLE DELICACIES.

THE NATIONAL RESIDENCE, Cairo.

ONE OF THE FINEST AND MOST UP-TO-DATE RESIDENCES.

Rooms furnished and not furnished. With or without board. Situated in the Sharia Soliman Pasha and Sharia Desai-Binat, immediate quarter. High class cuisine, electric light throughout and lift rooms and apartments to suit every one. For further particulars apply to

OHAS. BAUER,
General Manager,
CAIRO.

9551-30-11-905

TEWFIK PALACE HOTEL.

HELOUAN, near CAIRO.

Formerly the favorite residence of H.H. the late Khedive. Perfect facilities. Forest. Desert air. Electric Light. Hot and cold baths attached to each room. No use of special system of ventilation, admitting the Golf Links and Race Course, Tennis, Billiards, Croquet and open air polo house, golf and trap, deer room. Restaurant, Table, Moderate charges. Medical Resident Director: ANTON J. M. BARNES, M.D.—Town Office at Heliopolis & Co., Opera Square, Cairo.
P. E. HERZEL, Manager.

HOTEL DU NIL, CAIRO.

THE MOST QUIET AND COMFORTABLE FIRST CLASS HOTEL.
Highest situation. Excellent Cuisine. Restaurant à la Carte at all times. Robust Lunch and Dinner served on the Open Air Verandas and beautiful gardens of the Hotel.
AFTERNOON TEA. Visitors to the Bazaars should lunch here.

26510-31-3-906



BEKANNTMACHUNG.

Auf Antrag des Kapitains Many, Führer des deutschen Dampfers "Lemnos", Heimats hafen Hamburg, Unterzeichnungssignal R. H. G. S., ist Termin zur Ablegung der Erklärung über die Bogenheiten der Reise von Antwerpen nach Alexandria auf Samstag, den 10. November 1905, Vormittag 9 Uhr, im Kaiserlichen Konsulat anberaumt worden.
Alexandrien, den 8. November 1905.
SEERMANNBAMT.
Kaiserlich Deutsches Konsulat.
J. No. 4256 26598-1

JOHN B. CAFFARI,
ALEXANDRIA & CAIRO.

"AU DE ROUGE."

GENERAL DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT.

(Central Tramway Station).

CAIRO.

P. PLUNKETT.

PROPRIETOR.

DIRECT IMPORTER OF BRITISH AND IRISH TEXTILE MANUFACTURES.

Children's Outfitter Department—Newly stocked with season's goods, in Hats, Bonnets, Trims, Caps, Frocks, Overcoats, Cloaks, Pelisses, Dresses, etc., in Cloth, Cashmere, Silk, Embroidered Cashmere, etc., and woolen underclothing.

All made in Great Britain and Ireland, and the best on the Egyptian market. Early selection recommended.

Dress and Frock Goods Department, under an English-speaking manager, well stocked and nicely assorted.

Fine Irish Linen Printing and Handkerchiefs as usual.

24916-15-11-905

The Old Established and Favorite

"PELICAN" BRAND.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

GUINNESS'S Foreign Extra STOUT.

BASS'S First Quality ALES.

LIQUOR SPARKLING PALE ALE.

MACHEN & Co., Norfolk St., Liverpool.

Sole Importer for Egypt and the Sudan.

S. M. RISO, Cairo.

24578

The Toshi Whisky

Established 1798.

MACKINTOSH & CO.

INVERNESS.

AGENT: ERNEST THORON.

CAIRO & ALEXANDRIA.

Retailers.

E. J. FLEURENT,

Square Heliopolis, CAIRO.

24518-10-4-905

The Egyptian Gazette

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Alexandria, Cairo, and the Interior of Egypt (including delivery in Alexandria or postage to subscriber's address) P.T. 234 per annum, P.T. 116 for six months, P.T. 58 for three months, P.T. 29 for one month. For other countries in the Postal Union P.T. 273 (£216s) per annum. Six months P.T. 136 (£108s), three months P.T. 68 (£54s).

Subscriptions commence from the 1st of 18th of any month.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

P.T. 4 per line. Minimum charge P.T. 20. Births, Marriages or Deaths, not exceeding three lines, P.T. 20. Every additional line P.T. 10. Notices in news column P.T. 20 per line. Contracts entered into for standing advertisements.

SUBSCRIPTIONS AND ADVERTISEMENTS.

are due in advance. P.O. Orders and Cheques to be made payable to the Editor and Manager, ROWLAND SNELLING, Alexandria.

London Offices—36, New Broad Street, E.C.

The Egyptian Gazette can be obtained in London at our office, 36, New Broad Street, E.C., and at Messrs. MAY & WILLIAMS, 146, Piccadilly, W.

THE "EGYPTIAN GAZETTE" IS PRINTED ON "SUPERIOR MANUFACTURE" AND SUPPLIED BY THE LONDON PAPER MILLS CO. LIMITED (LONDON: 10, CANON STREET, E.C.)

The Egyptian Gazette

The English Daily Newspaper, established 1808.

Editor and Manager: R. SNELLING.

Price: ONE PIASTRE TARIFA.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1905.

ALEXANDRIA'S WATER SUPPLY.

We recently gave an account of the inauguration of the new system of filtration for the improvement of our water supply; but the question is of such general interest to all of us that we deem it well to give a few more details of the work and the progress of the new system. The new works are the result of discussion which had been going on for more than fifteen years, but they had not made much progress up to 1898, when Commander Mansour, then Vice-President of the Municipality, attended a meeting of the directors of the Water Company and told them that he wanted to make a radical change in two important points of their service—firstly, the price of water sold to the poor, which he wanted to reduce, not by a little, but to one-fifth of its actual price; and, secondly, that the water should be filtered in accordance with the modern requirements of hygiene. He was prepared to admit that the company had acquired by purchase the right to sell water at the prices they were charging, and they were carrying on the very defective system of filtration handed over to them by the Government, which was all they were legally obliged to do, but that the changes he mentioned were of the highest importance to the well-being of the town, and he was prepared to offer some serious compensation in exchange for these advantages. The directors of the Water Company replied that the changes he required were of a very serious nature, that the first would entail a loss of revenue which would amount to £10,000, and that the second proposition would not only require much preliminary study, but would require works not only very costly in themselves, but entailing a large annual expenditure for their working and maintenance, and that they could not sacrifice the interests of their shareholders in accepting such heavy obligations, unless some very material compensation was offered in return, however much they might be for the public good.

The question was a difficult one, but Vice-President Mansour had given up one of the finest positions at the Egyptian Bazaar to devote the last two or three years of his active life to the public interest of the town, and he was not to be daunted by such difficulties. He worked incessantly at these negotiations for nearly two years, and in 1894 they resulted in a compromise between the Egyptian Government, the Municipality, and the Water Company, the principal points of which may be summed up as follows. The price of water sold to the water carriers on sacks service was to be reduced by instalments, until it came down to one-fifth of its former price, that is to say, one-fifth of its former price. By right of purchase the company could refuse to supply any apartment however small at a less rate than ten francs per month; this was reduced to P.T. 10 per house of £12 rental and to P.T. 40 per house of £20 per year, but the company was given the right to put a water-meter on each house, and to charge for all water consumed beyond a specified quantity. The Municipality was to pay for the first cost of a proper system of filtration, but the company was to subscribe £10,000 towards it. That the poor of the town should have at their disposal a supply of well filtered water at one-fifth of the price they used to pay for a water unfit for human consumption, is to them a boon which reflects the greatest honor on the man to whom it is chiefly due, and we trust at some later time, when the early dog-days of our Municipality shall become of some

historical interest, that the names of Vice-President Mansour may be written in letters of gold. We cannot say that the change is as rapid as small thanks, and it was more than hinted by some disaffected and mistaken people, that he had sacrificed the interests of the town. One would have thought that the shareholders of the Water Company might have had a little more respect for themselves, but Egypt is still a peculiar country, and not long after, some of these shareholders, so abused their directors at a general meeting, that they appeared to think that if these gentlemen had more respect for themselves they should have resigned and left their task to hands more capable of wringing increased dividends out of the unfortunate inhabitants. The directors, however, after expressing their regret at not having pleased everybody, said they had endeavored to do their duty, and meant to go on. The Municipality, with a real commendable when looked upon in the light of subsequent events, did not lose more than two years before they asked the celebrated Dr. Hook of Berlin to recommend them a specialist to enlighten them on the filtration question. He sent out Dr. Bitter, who, from the time he came up to now, has not ceased to give the best advice on the subject, and to whom the successful solution of the filter question is largely due. He was one of the first persons we expected to see at the inauguration, but, as we said before, he was in Egypt.

The only advantage the Water Company found with the new convention at the end of the first year was a net loss of £7,000, but very shortly after that their office windows were broken by a lot of rubbish, soon after represented by a so-called Committee of Public Security, several hundreds of the company's water meters were broken, and other damage done, and all this they were simply carrying out the right freely given them by the Government to the company, not to supply water by meter. After some discussion an understanding was arrived at, but in order to do so the company waived their right of meter supply to apartments, although this was one of the privileges accorded to them by the Municipality in exchange for the services made by them in reduction of the price of water. Eight years after the signing of the convention of 1894, when Mr. Graham was named Administrator of the Municipality, to straighten out the deplorable state into which some of the Municipal affairs had fallen during the period which culminated in the withdrawal of Chakour Pasha, Mr. Graham was also appointed as Government representative on the Board of the Water Company, and informed its directors that he was determined if possible during his term of office, to set at all liberty, subserfdom as large a sum as £50,000 towards the cost of the new system, and that he would have given rise to no difficulty of interpretation, but in the eleven years which have been allowed by the Municipality to elapse, circumstances have changed a good deal. If there was one condition of the convention, as it was then, that the company was to be the fixation of the Water Company's subscription towards the cost of the works at £10,000, and yet after a year's hard work and the use of much tact in negotiation, Mr. Graham was unable to conclude the matter with the company, who had previously undertaken to increase their contribution from £10,000 to £10,000.

The new system has been made to filter 38,000 cubic metres of water per day of 24 hours, and the Municipality cannot be accused of carrying out the convention, as we said, during this first summer the supply has, we are informed, several times reached 34,000 metres per day, and if it is to be able to ensure a sufficient supply, it seems probable that the company will have to increase it within another year or two years at the least. The principal inducement which Mr. Graham offered the Water Company as a set-off against their increased contribution, was that they should themselves undertake the construction and responsibility of the works, without their being liable to any compensation for these works might interfere with the water supply of the town during their execution, this arrangement seemed only reasonable, and the fact that they were finished to such an extent that the town has been supplied with well filtered water three months before the contract time, and that the works have been carried out to the entire satisfaction of the authorities, shows that the confidence placed in the Water Company's ability to carry them out has not been misplaced.

More than two years since the reduction of price for the water-carrier's service reached its lowest limit, and the loss of revenue to the company on this service, due to the convention has been over £10,000 per annum. It can now be said that the water is well filtered, that the poor of Alexandria pay £10,000 a year less than they did before, for their share of it, and that the price for the rest can compare favorably with that of many European capitals. We think that the Municipality have got a very good return for their £30,000, and that the Water Company has had acquired a most valuable practical monopoly, and was not legally obliged to agree to all these changes, has made some sacrifice towards the well-being of the citizens, and has done all that could be reasonably expected of it for their welfare.

WINDSOR HOTEL Restaurant

Table d'Hôte Luncheon & Dinner

Served on the Terrace

ORCHESTRA PLAYS 6 TO 11.30 P.M.

ENTRANCE: 11, AVENUE DE LA MARIETTE



Sole Agents for Egypt & Sudan

G. G. DROSSOS & CO.

LATE PRAZZICA & DROSSOS.

ALEXANDRIA, CAIRO, PORT SAID AND

SHARAFIYAH, CAIRO, PORT SAID AND

SHARAFIYAH, CAIRO, PORT SAID AND

SHARAFIYAH, CAIRO, PORT SAID AND

SHARAFIYAH, CAIRO, PORT SAID AND

SHARAFIYAH, CAIRO, PORT SAID AND

1992